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Strawberry: Hyb. Gasana: ideal for pots, hanging baskets or in the garden. Produces fruits all summer long.

Sowing months Germination **Temperature Flowering** Maturity January - March 21-28 days May - September 70 days 18 °C







Flower	Fruit	Container

Height	Spreading	Exposure	Harvest	Hardiness zone
25-30 cm	20 cm	Sun	June - September	4

**Type** Ever bearing variety, with good resistance to frost. They produce many runners.

**Appearance** Large pink flowers, green foliage and very sweet conical fruits.

Seedling For best results, sow inside under glass or plastic and keep moist. Lightly cover the seeds with vermiculite. After

complete lifting, maintain the young plants at a cool temperature (night temperature 10 °C).

**Container** Use a 25 cm (depth) container with holes in the bottom. To ensure a good drainage, drop 3 cm of gravel in the

bottom. Plant the plugs in a mixture of equal parts of ground garden and compost.

Open Aerate soil by spading bed area, removing roots, stones and weeds. Incorporate an organic manure to enrich the ground soil; if the soil is calcareous, add peat (Strawberries prefer acid soils). Mulching is recommended to prevent the strawberries from resting on the ground and possibly rot.

Watering The strawberry plant must be watered regularly but in a limited manner, especially during summer heat. In

summer, favor watering at night or early mornings which will avoid quick water evaporation under the sun.

Protect with a good layer of dried leaves, straw or mulch. In spring, clear plants of protection and allow them space to grow.

Strawberry plants grown in containers do not have the same protection as when planted in the ground. They are more exposed to the cold and the roots are more likely to freeze over the winter, resulting in plant loss.

## **Winter Protection Suggestions**

- Let plants experience a few touches of frosts to stimulate their dormancy. Then, place them in a slightly heated area (garage or cold room). Water them lightly, just enough to prevent drying out.
- You could also dig a hole in the garden and place the container there in the hole for the winter. Fill the space around the container with soil and cover the container and the plant with mulch. In the spring, dig up, clean, and rehang.
- Remove the plants from the container and plant them in the ground for the winter, covering them well with mulch. In springtime, repot your plants.

**Plantation** 

Open

ground

**Container** 

Winter protection